

MAC SPRAYMARK PAINT

Aerosol Spray Paint - Stencil & Code Marker

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND THE MANUFACTURER

Product Name	MAC SPRAYMARK PAINT			
	Aerosol Spray Paint 400 ml & 500 i	ml.		
Statement of	Considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand			
Hazard Nature	Hazardous Substances, New Organ	isms legislation.		
	Classified as a Dangerous Good for	transport purposes	S.	
Proper Shipping Name	AEROSOLS			
Supplier Name	Arandee Ltd			
Address	108 Rockfield Road, Penrose, Auckland 1061, New Zealand			
Telephone	+64 (9) 579 5139			
Emergency	National Poisons Centre -24 hours	Australia	13 11 26	
		New Zealand	0800 POISON	
			0800 764 766	
E-mail	sales@arandee.co.nz			
Web Site	http://www.arandee.co.nz			
Synonym(s)	MAC SprayMark; MAC SprayMark Fluc	oro; MAC Timer Marke	er; Lumber Marker	
Use(s)	A rapid drying, block-free, permanent Cut Timber Contractor Survey & Hortic are required. Effective on most surfac an important consideration for the saf	cultural Layout, use w es; in all weather con	hen permanent, fade free marks ditions. Low mammalian toxicity,	
Approval(s)	N/A			

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

AEROSOL - CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO CRITERIA IN THE HS (MIN DEG OF HAZ) REGS 2001 CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD, UNDER ADG AND NZS 5433

UN Number DG Class	1950 2.1.2A	2Y	Dangerous Goods Risks Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated Contains refrigerated gas; may cause cryogenic burns or injury.
HAZARD STATEMENT		223	Flammable aerosols
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS		P210 P211 P251	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flame/hot surfaces Do not spray on an open flame, or other ignition source. Pressurized container. Do not pierce or burn even after use
		P403 P410 P412	Store in a well ventilated place. Protect from direct sunlight Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50ºC/122ºF



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3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Formula	Concentration	CAS Number
ACETONE	C₃H₅O	20 - 30%	67-64-1
BUTYL ACETATE	$C_6H_{12}O_2$	0 - 1%	123-86-4
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	C ₄ H ₈ O	5 - 10%	78-93-3
MIXED HEPTANE BLEND	C ₇ H ₁₆	0 - 10%	142-82-5
DIMETHYL ETHER, LPG PROPELLANT BLEND	C₂H₅O C₃H8	50 – 65%	115-10-6 68476-85-7

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Еуе	Hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with water. Continue until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Keep patient calm.
Inhalation	Leave area of exposure immediately. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Skin	Gently flush affected areas with water. Seek medical attention, if irritation persists.
Ingestion	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) or +64 9 579 5139 (New Zealand) or a doctor. If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting, as ingestion is considered unlikely, due to the product form.
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically.
First Aid Facilities	Eye wash facilities should be provided.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability	Highly flammable. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition temperatures. When handling a significant spillage, eliminate all ignition sources, including cigarettes, open flames, spark producing switches, heaters, naked lights, mobile phones, etc. Aerosol cans may explode when heated above 50 °C.
Fire and Explosion	Will burn if involved in a fire. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may evolve, when heated. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment, including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA), when combating fire. Use water fog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.
Extinguishing	Dry agent, carbon dioxide foam, or water fog. Prevent contamination of drains or waterways; absorb runoff with sand or similar.
HazChem	2Y NFPA Ratings: Health: 1 Flammability 4 Reactivity: 1



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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SpillageIf large quantities of cans are punctured (bulk), clear area of all unprotected personnel and
ventilate area. Wear splash-proof goggles, leather gloves, coveralls, and boots. Where inhalation
risks exist, wear a Type A-Class P1 (Organic vapour and Particulate) respirator. Collect cans and
allow to discharge outdoors. Absorb any residues with sand or similar and place in clean
containers for disposal. DO NOT wash away into sewer.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- HandlingUse safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal
hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Keep out of the reach of children.
DO NOT puncture aerosol cans or incinerate, even when empty.
- StorageStore in a cool, dry well ventilated area, well away from oxidising agents, acids, alkalis, direct
sunlight, heat or ignition sources, or foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled,
protected from physical damage, and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills.
Large storage areas should have appropriate fire protection.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

- Ventilation
 DO NOT directly inhale concentrated vapours. Use in well-ventilated areas. Mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended for poorly ventilated area. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel some distance to an ignition source and flash back. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

 Exposure Standards
 Refer to OSHA Standard 29CFR1910.134.

 LIQUIFIED PEROLEUM GAS (LPG) (68476-85-7)
 ES-STEL: 400ppm (1800 mg/m³)
- PersonalNo personal protective equipment is required, normally. When an inhalation risk exist wear aProtectionType A-Class P1 (Organic vapour and Particulate) Respirator. With prolonged use, wear PVC orEquipmentrubber gloves and splash-proof goggles or safety glasses.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	COLOURLESS AEROSOL GAS	Solubility (water)	NONE
Odour	SLIGHT, ETHEREAL-LIKE ODOUR	Specific Gravity	0.83 - 0.85
рН	NOT AVAILABLE	% Volatiles	100 %
Vapour Pressure	65-75 psi@30°C	Flammability	HIGHLY FLAMMABLE



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Vapour Density	> 4 (Air = 1)	Flash Point	< 0 °C (Propellant)
Melting Point	NOT AVAILABLE	Upper Explosion Limit	NOT AVAILABLE
Boiling Point	NOT AVAILABLE	Lower Explosion Limit	NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation Rate	FAST	Auto-ignition Temperature	NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

StabilityStable at normal temperatures and pressures. Store below 40°C, away from sources of ignition
and incompatible substances such as, Alkali and alkaline earth minerals, aluminium powder,
magnesium and beryllium, strong oxidisers and acids.

DecompositionMay evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decompositionProductstemperatures.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health Hazard Summary	 <u>General population</u>. The exposure of the general population is expected to be low and is not likely to present a hazard when it is used as recommended. <u>Occupational exposure</u>. With reasonable work practices, hygiene measures and Safety precautions, is unlikely to be an occupational hazard. <u>Asphyxiant narcotic</u>. This product may only present a hazard with direct eye contact, prolonged and repeated skin contact or with vapour/gas inhalation at high levels.
Еуе	Severe irritant. Contact may result in lacrimation, pain, redness, and conjunctivitis. Prolonged contact may result in corneal burns, with possible permanent damage.
Inhalation	Low to moderate Irritant, narcotic, asphyxiant. Over exposure may result in upper respiratory tract irritation, nausea, and headache. At high levels; dizziness, breathing difficulties, and at very high levels, anaesthesia, cardiac arrhythmias, pulmonary oedema and unconsciousness.
Skin	Low irritant. Prolonged contact may result in irritation, redness, rash, dermatitis, and sensitisation.
Ingestion	Exposure considered unlikely, due to product form as an aerosol. Under normal conditions of use, ingestion is considered a highly unlikely, exposure route.
Toxicity Data	LD50 (Skin): 2500 ug/kg (rat) LD50 (Ingestion): 1000 mg/kg (mouse)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environment Environmental effects of the compound are extremely unlikely, due to packaging in the form of an aerosol. Ensure appropriate measures are taken to prevent this product from entering the environment through wastewater.



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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Waste DisposalFor small amounts, absorb contents with sand or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill
site. DO NOT puncture or incinerate aerosol cans. Contact the manufacturer for additional
information.
- Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant, local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	CLASSIFIED AS A DA	ANGEROU	S GOOD BY T	HE CRITERIA OF THE	ADG AND HZNO	CODES.
	Shipping Name	UN No	Packing Group	DG Class	Subsidiary Risk(s)	EPG
Land	Compressed Gas Flammable Aerosol	1950	None Allocated	2.1	None Allocated	2C1
Sea	Compressed Gas Flammable Aerosol	1950	Ш	2.1	None Allocated	2C1
Shipping Label	118 2 FLAMMAR GAS					

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison ScheduleThis product does not contain any CLASS 1 ozone depletors.AICSThis product does not contain any CLASS 2 ozone depletors.
A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the
Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP).
All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional
InformationASPHYXIANTS (1): reduce the oxygen concentration by displacement, when present in the
atmospheres, in high concentrations. As most simple asphyxiants are odourless, atmospheres
deficient in oxygen do not provide adequate sensory warning of danger. Therefore, it is not
generally appropriate to recommend an exposure standard for each asphyxiant, but instead warn
of the need to maintain oxygen concentrations.Some asphyxiants may be given an exposure standard, due to their potential for narcotic effects at
high concentrations, or an explosion hazard.Asphyxiants (2)There is a significant hazard associated with workers entering poorly, ventilated areas (e.g., tanks)
where oxygen levels may be deficient. An air supplied breathing apparatus may be required if
adequate ventilation is not ensured. Refer to AS/NZS 2865 - Safe Working in a Confined Space.



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Respirators	In general, the best practice to avoid exposure is to use engineering controls, such as adequate ventilation, rather than the use of respirators (which should be limited). If respiratory equipment must be worn, ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable, when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.
Abbreviations	Mg/m3 - Milligrams per cubic metre ppm –Parts Per Million M - moles per litre, a unit of measure of concentration. pH - relates to hydrogen ion concentration - this value will relate to a scale of 0 – 14, where 0 is highly acidic and 14 is highly alkaline. TWA/ES - Time Weighted Average or Exposure Standard. CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number - uniquely identifies chemical compounds. CNS - Central Nervous System NOS - Not Otherwise Specified IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer.
Personal Protective Equipment	The recommendations for protective equipment contained within this SDS report are provided as a guide only, when dealing with an abnormal situation. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before the final selection of personal protective equipment is made.
Health Effects from Exposure	It should be noted that the effects from excess exposure to this product would depend on several factors, including duration of exposure, quantity involved, effectiveness of control measures used; protective equipment and method of application. Given that, it is impractical to prepare a SDS report, which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks in an emergency and apply appropriate control methods.
Report Status	This report is based upon information provided by ingredient manufacturers, and third party experts. We believe that the information represents the current state of knowledge about safety and handling precautions that are appropriate for this product. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the Chief Chemist at Arandee Ltd. While Arandee has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy, or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, Arandee accepts no liability for any loss, injury, or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered, or incurred by any person, because of their reliance upon the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.